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- (i) Demonstrate that the violation was not caused by him or his employee or agent.
- (ii) Demonstrate that the fuel has been supplied, offered for supply, transported or available for tax-exempt use as defined under section 4082 of the Internal Revenue Code, and
- (iii) Provide evidence from the supplier in the form of documentation that the fuel met the applicable standards under paragraph (a)(1) of this section for sulfur and cetane index or aromatics content for use in motor vehicles.
- (h) Detection of violations. In paragraphs (a) through (f) of this section, the term "is detected at" means that the violation existed at the facility in question, and the existence of the violation at that facility may be established through evidence obtained or created at that facility, at any other location, and by any party.

[55 FR 34138, Aug. 21, 1990, as amended at 59 FR 35859, July 14, 1994; 62 FR 68205, Dec. 31, 1997; 66 FR 5135, Jan. 18, 2001]

§ 80.32 Controls applicable to liquefied petroleum gas retailers and whole-sale purchaser-consumers.

After January 1, 1998 every retailer and wholesale purchaser- consumer handling over 13.660 gallons of liquefied petroleum gas per month shall equip each pump from which liquefied petroleum gas is introduced into motor vehicles with a nozzle that has no greater than 2.0 cm³ dead space from which liquefied petroleum gas will be released upon nozzle disconnect from the vehicle, as measured from the nozzle face which seals against the vehicle receptacle "O" ring, and as determined by calculation of the geometric shape of the nozzle. After January 1, 2000 this requirement applies to every liquefied petroleum gas retailer and wholesale purchaser- consumer. Any dispensing pump shown to be dedicated to heavyduty vehicles is exempt from this reauirement.

[59 FR 48490, Sept. 21, 1994]

§80.33 Controls applicable to natural gas retailers and wholesale purchaser-consumers.

(a) After January 1, 1998 every retailer and wholesale purchaser-con-

sumer handling over 1,215,000 standard cubic feet of natural gas per month shall equip each pump from which natural gas is introduced into natural gas motor vehicles with a nozzle and hose configuration which vents no more than 1.2 grams of natural gas to the atmosphere per refueling of a vehicle complying with §86.098-8(d)(1)(iv) of this chapter, as determined by calculation of the geometric shape of the nozzle and hose. After January 1, 2000 this requirement applies to every natural gas retailer and wholesale purchaserconsumer. Any dispensing pump shown to be dedicated to heavy-duty vehicles is exempt from this requirement.

(b) The provisions of paragraph (a) of this section can be waived for refueling stations which were in operation on or before January 1, 1998 provided the station operator can demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that compliance with paragraph (a) of this section would require additional compression equipment or other modifications with costs similar to or greater than the cost of additional compression

equipment.

[59 FR 48490, Sept. 21, 1994]

Subpart C—Oxygenated Gasoline

§80.35 Labeling of retail gasoline pumps; oxygenated gasoline.

- (a) For oxygenated gasoline programs with a minimum oxygen content per gallon or minimum oxygen content requirement in conjunction with a credit program, the following shall apply:
- (1) Each gasoline pump stand from which oxygenated gasoline is dispensed at a retail outlet in the control area shall be affixed during the control period with a legible and conspicuous label which contains the following statement:

The gasoline dispensed from this pump is oxygenated and will reduce carbon monoxide pollution from motor vehicles.

(2) The posting of the above statement shall be in block letters of no less than 20-point bold type; in a color contrasting with the intended background. The label shall be placed on the vertical surface of the pump on each side with gallonage and price meters and shall be on the upper two-thirds of